# COURSE OUTLINE

## (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PHILOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	PHL 0401 SEMESTER 40				
COURSE TITLE	ANCIENT GREEK HISTORIANS: HERODOTUS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the co of the course, give the weekly teachin	arate components of the course, e.g. . If the credits are awarded for the whole			ekly Ching Urs	CREDITS
		Lectures		3	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d	,				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special bagcg	round			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses. It is taken for				
	granted, though, that students should have at least a				
	basic knowledge of ancient Greek grammar and syntax				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and	GREEK , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	NO				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.upatras.gr/modules/document/?course=LIT1802				

## (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

### At the end of this course the student should be able to

- 1. Realise the archetypical role of Herodotus' *Histories* as the earliest extant work of prose and the longest one in pre-Chrstian literature; most importantly, the text that shaped the definitive narrative for the archaic Greece and the Persian Wars
- 2. Provide the proper historical context for the author so that his debt to Homer, composers of narrative elegies or prose historicogeographical works may be duly recognised
- 3. Acknowledge that the historical unity of the twenty-years period 499-479 BC is a Herodotean construction and achievement, based on two formative experiences of the Greek historical subject, namely panhellenism and antibarbarism
- 4. Deconstruct the accusations against Herodotus of "naiveté", lack of critical thought, hellenocentrism, orientalism while reading them as anachronistic prejudices born

out of (post)modern anxieties

- 5. Engage in dialogue with the malleable but compact concept of Greek ethnic-turnedinto-national identity and its mutations through time: from the (proto)history of racial groups such as the Dorians and the Ionians up to the earliest recorded "declaration" of Hellenic identity in the Athenians' reply to Mardonius (αὖθις δὲ τὸ Ἐλληνικόν, ἐὸν ὅμαιμόν τε καὶ ὁμόγλωσσον, καὶ θεῶν ἰδρύματά τε κοινὰ καὶ θυσίαι ἤθεά τε ὁμότροπα Θ 144 2)
- 6. Realise that Herodotus adapts the material of his sources (myths, genealogies, local historical stories, oral testimonies) to the teleology of his master narrative
- 7. Take into consideration the element of the *Histories*' orality/performativity evidenced in the public readings of selected sections in Panhellenic or local audiences
- 8. Acknowledges that the historical narrative is a closed, arbitrary, self-legitimised system, one in which the author sets the rules of its reception

#### General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

At the end of the course the student will have further developed the following skills/competences

1. Ability to follow the architectonics of the Herodotean narrative – from the introductory "ethnographic" books to the epic battles of the Persian Wars – and comment on the causative relations between the recorded facts

2. Ability to bring to the fore the internal (the actors pf the narrative) and the external (Herodotus' listeners/readers) audience of the *Histories* and underline their intended illocutionary role for the evolution of the bipolar Greek geopolitical space in the latter half of the  $5^{th}$  c. BC

3. Study skills for the interpretation of those textual devices (Homeric intertexts, "sacred war", applied theodicy) owing to which the audience/readership is reminded of the allbut-forgotten heroisation of the Greek freedom fighters

### (3) SYLLABUS

<u>Introductory issues</u>
 The emergence of the "scientific revolution" in the sixth-century BC Ionia and the myth of the transition from the "mythical" to the "historical" worldview
 (Proto-)Historical poems: Semonides of Amorgos Samian Arcjaeology (7<sup>th</sup> c. BC), Mimnermus of Colophon Smyrneis (7<sup>th</sup> c. BC), Panyassis of Halicarnassus Ionica (early 5<sup>th</sup> c. BC)
 (Proto-)History and the birth of prose
 Herodotus' predecessors: Hecataeus of Miletus' Gebealogies, The periodos of earth (555-485 BC), Dionysius of Miletus Persica
 Herodotus' contemporaries: Charon of Lampsacus Persica, Lybica, Hellenica, Hellanicus of Mytilene Atthis, Troica, Xanthus the Lydian Lydiaca, Ion of Chios (480-422 BC) The Foundation of Chios, Visits
 2. <u>Commentary on selected sections from the books V-VIII</u>

The introductory section of the *Histories* and the construction of the authorial identity Macedonian *logos* (5. 17-22) The Athenian change of regime: From the rule of the Peisistratids to that of the Alcmaeonids (5. 55-72) Cypriot *logos* (5.103-115) The Second Persian Invasion and the Battle of Marathon (6. 94-120) The Third Persian Invasion and the Battle of Thermopylae (7. 201-233) The Tetralogy of speeches (8. 140-144)

## (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of powerpoint, internet tools and the e-class platform			
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY				
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity			
described in detail.	Lectures	13		
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,				
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,				
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational				
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,				
etc.	Course total	125		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-				
directed study according to the principles of the				
ECTS				
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Written examination			
EVALUATION				
Description of the evaluation procedure				
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation,				
summative or conclusive, multiple choice				
questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-				
ended questions, problem solving, written work,				
essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical				
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are				
given, and if and where they are accessible to				
students.				

### (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. R. Bichler and R. Rolinger Herodot. Hildesheim 2000 (Georg Olms)
- 2. E. J. Bakker, I J. F. de Jong and H. Van Wees (eds.) *Brill's Companion to Herodotus*. Leiden and Boston 2002 (Brill)
- 3. D. Asheri, A. Lloyd and C. Aldo *A Commentary on Herodotus books I-IV*. Oxford 2007 (OUP)
- 4. C. Dewald and J. Marincola (eds.) *The Cambridge Companion to Herodotus*. Cambridge 2006 (CUP)
- 5. E. Irwin and E. Greenwood (eds.) *Reading Herodotus: A Study of the* logoi *in Book 5 of Herodotus'* Histories. Cambridge 2007 (CUP)
- 6. N. Luraghi (ed.) The Historian's Craft in the Age of Herodotus. Oxford 2007 (OUP)

- 7. E. Baragwanath Motivation and Narrative in Herodotus. Oxford 2008 (OUP)
- 8. V. L. Provencal *Sophist Kings: Persians as Other in Herodotus*. London and New York 2015 (Bloomsbury Academic)
- 9. J. Priestley and V. Zali (eds.) *Brill's Companion to the Reception of Herodotus in Antiquity and Beyond*. Leiden and Boston 2016 (Brill)