COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

(1) 02:12:10 12					
SCHOOL	HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	PHILOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	PHL_E306	SEMESTER Third/3 rd			
COURSE TITLE	DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS OF MODERN GREEK				
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If th whole of the course, give the weekly tead	mponents of the e credits are aw	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
	Lectures and pra	3 (13 W	eeks)	5	
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	General back	ground.			
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses.				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek.				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (in Greek).				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.upatras.gr/courses/LIT1811/				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Use fundamental notions of grammatical description and relevant terminology.
- 2. Describe the Modern Greek grammar and its relation with the grammar of Ancient Greek.
- 3. Explain the errors in the use of language and its causes.
- 4. Use the acquired knowledge for further research into the grammar of Modern Greek.
- 5. Understand language myths and use scientific criteria to discuss them.
- 6. Use, on a basic level, the methods and tools of description and analysis of grammatical structure.
- 7. Attend more specialized linguistic courses.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Working independently

- Team work
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

The course examines basic phenomena of Modern Greek grammar, in order to develop the metalinguistic ability of students in the way in which language is descriptively analyzed by modern linguistics. The course helps students to acquire the linguistic background for a pedagogical approach to grammar at the didactic level. In addition, it critically examines "myths" and "truths" concerning Modern Greek (in terms of usage, errors, etc.). Subject:

- "Myths" about the Greek language: relationship with Ancient Greek, language change and understanding by native speakers, errors in the use of language.
- Verb system: morphology (time/tense, aspect/aktionsaart, inflection, voice), syntax (arguments, predicate, subject and complement functions).

Nominal system: inflection (case, number), gender and categories of names, deterimeners, pronouns,

quantifiers. - Sentential system: matrix and embedded clauses, word order, syntax, information structure. (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION DELIVERY Face-to-face. Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. If needed due to external factors (e.g., COVID-19), and after the decision of the Senator, course delivery takes place by distance. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Use of Information and Communication Technology in COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Education, Laboratory Training and communication with Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, students. communication with students TEACHING METHODS Activity Semester workload The manner and methods of teaching are Lectures 39 described in detail. Weekly non-guided study 39 Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, Revision and exams fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, 45 tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art preparation workshop, interactive teaching, educational 2 Exams visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, The student's study hours for each learning **Course total** 125 activity are given as well as the hours of nondirected study according to the principles of the **ECTS** STUDENT PERFORMANCE Time-restricted examination based on various types of **EVALUATION** questions (e.g., multiple choice questions, gap-filling Description of the evaluation procedure questions, etc).

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, openended questions, problem solving, written work, public essay/report, oral examination, clinical presentation. laboratorv work. examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- Set of exercises (via Eclass).
- Information about the structure of examination is announced at the beginning of the semester through the eclass platform.
- If needed due to external factors (e.g., COVID-19), and after the decision of the Senator, the examination takes place by distance.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

☐ Bauer, L. & P. Trudgill (eds.). 1998. Language myths. London: Penguin					
\square Βλάχος, Χ. 2023. Περιγραφική Ανάλυση της Νέας Ελληνικής. Πανεπιστημιακές σημειώσεις.					
□ Holton, D., P. Mackridge & Ει. Φιλιππάκη-Warburton. 1999. <i>Γραμματική της Ελληνικής Γλώσσας</i> (μτφρ. Β. Σπυρόπουλος). Αθήνα: Πατάκης.					
□Holton, D., P. Mackridge & Ει. Φιλιππάκη-Warburton. 2005. <i>Βασική Γραμματική της Σύγχρονης Ελληνικής Γλώσσας</i> (μτφρ. Μ. Γεωργιαφέντης). Αθήνα: Πατάκης.					
□Ιορδανίδου, Α. 2013. <i>Είναι λάθος ή δεν είναι; Ιδού η απορία</i> Αθήνα: Μεταίχμιο.					
\square Κατάλογος γραμματικών της N. Ελληνικής: http://www.greek-language.gr/greekLang/modern greek/bibliographies/grammar/contents.html					
□ Κλαίρης, Χ. & Γ. Δ. Μπαμπινιώτης. 2005. Γραμματική της νέας ελληνικής: δομολειτουργική- επικοινωνιακή. Αθήνα: Ελληνικά Γράμματα.					
□ Mackridge, P. 1990. <i>Η Νεοελληνική γλώσσα</i> (μτφρ. Κ. Πετρόπουλος). Αθήνα: Πατάκης.					
\square Μοσχονάς, Σ. (επιμ.). 2006. Η Σύνταξη στη Μάθηση και στη Διδασκαλία της Ελληνικής ως Ξένης γλώσσας. Αθήνα: Πατάκης.					
\Box Παναγιωτίδης, Φ. 2013. <i>Μίλα μου για γλώσσα</i> . Ηράκλειο: Πανεπιστημιακές Εκδόσεις Κρήτης.					
□Πετρούνιας, Ε., 2002. <i>Νεοελληνική γραμματική και συγκριτική ανάλυση</i> (2η έκδοση). Θεσσαλονίκη: Studio University Press.					
□Χάρης, Γ. (επιμ.). 2001. <i>Δέκα Μύθοι για την ελληνική γλώσσα</i> . Αθήνα: Πατάκης.					